

By QNET LLC

Directive	1) Batteries +	Goes into effect 26 September 2008
2006/66/EC	accumulators	
	2) Waste Batteries +	
	Accumulators	
Directive objective	Minimize negative	Prohibits hazardous content: cadmium and mercury
	impact on	
	environment	
	Hormonizo hoova	Dromotop high lovel of collection and requeling
	Harmonize heavy metal content and	Promotes high level of collection and recycling Improvement by operators involved in life cycle:
	labeling throughout	- producers
	the EU.	- distributors
		- end-users
		- recyclers
		with specific rules
Parties affected	Producer	Definition of producer:
		Any person in a member state that irrespective of the selling
		technique used, including by means of distance selling
		communication, places batteries or accumulators, including
		those incorporated into appliances or vehicles, on the market
		for the first time within the territory of that member state on a professional basis
	Distributor	Definition of distributor:
		Any person that provides batteries and accumulators on a
		professional basis to an end-user.
	Economic Operators	Definition of economic operator:
	Economic Operators	Any producer, distributor, collector, recycler, or other treatment



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		operator.
	Member States	Definition of member states: All EU countries
Directive scope	All types of batteries and accumulators. Includes: Battery or accumulators Battery packs Portable battery Button cell Automotive battery Industrial battery Waste battery (see definitions in article 3 of directive)	Regardless of shape, volume, weight, material composition or use. Exemptions: - Equipment connected with the protection of Member States essential security interests, arms, munitions, and war material, with the exclusion of products that are not intended for specifically military purposes. - Equipment designed to be sent into space
Types of batteries and accumulators	1) Industrial	<ul> <li>Examples: <ol> <li>Emergency or backup power supply in hospitals or offices.</li> <li>Used in trains, aircrafts, offshore oilrigs, lighthouses</li> <li>Hand-held payment terminals</li> <li>Shop bar code readers</li> <li>Professional video equipment for TV channels, studios, miners and diving lamps.</li> <li>Back up for electric doors</li> <li>Measurement and instrumentation equipment</li> <li>Solar panel, photo-voltaic and other renewable energy applications</li> <li>Electrical vehicles i.e. cars, wheelchairs, bicycles, automatic transport/airport vehicles.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>

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		TOICE SERVICE BY QUET LLC
		10) Any battery not sealed or not automotive.
		Disposal in landfill sites or by incineration prohibited
	2) Portable	<ul> <li>Examples: <ol> <li>all sealed batteries that an average person can carry by hand</li> <li>are not automotive or industrial</li> <li>include single cell (AA and AAA)</li> <li>Consumer and professional use i.e. mobile telephones, portable computers.</li> <li>Cordless power tools, hand held appliance intended for maintenance, construction or gardening activities</li> <li>Household appliances i.e. electric toothbrushes, razors. Hand-held vacuum cleaners</li> </ol> </li> <li>Convenient collection schemes to be set up free of charge to end-users.</li> </ul>
	3) Automotive	Means any battery or accumulator used for automotive starter, lighting, or ignition power. Disposal in landfill sites or by incineration prohibited
Battery collection	Individually	National collection schemes to be operating no later than 26 September 2009 set up by producers or third parties
	Inside equipment	Subject to WEEE directive After mandatory removal, falls under national collection scheme for batteries.
Collection Schemes	Member States shall ensure collections	Schemes for portable batteries and accumulators must: - Enable end-users to discard waste portable



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schemes are in p Member States m 1) require pro to set up schemes 2) require eco operators t participate schemes 3) Maintain e schemes	lace.batteries or accumulators at an accessible collection point in their vicinity, having regard to population density.nay:- Shall require distributors to take back waste portable batteries or accumulators at no charge when supplying portable batteries or accumulators. They must inform end-users about the possibility of discarding at their sales points.in- Shall not involve any charge to end-users when discarding waste portable batteries or



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Financing costs of collecting, treating, recycling, minus profit of reselling materials recovered. Net costs of public information campaigns	Responsibility of registered producers Of all portable and automotive waste batteries and accumulators.	Definition of producers:         Any person in a member state that irrespective of the selling technique used, including by means of distance selling communication, places batteries or accumulators, including those incorporated into appliances or vehicles, on the market for the first time within the territory of that member state on a professional basis         Producer's cost may not be shown separately at the time of sale.         Exemption of small producers may become available after each EU country independently:         1) Drafts such measure         2) Notifies commission, who may approve or reject within 6 months.         3) Makes measure public
	X	This applies to all waste batteries and accumulators, irrespective of the date of their placing on the market.
Producer registration	In each EU state	Mandatory
Collection	Transparent, reliable	Must include batteries and accumulators information about:
information to end-	and clear information on	- Potential effects on the environment and human
users	battery.	health of the substances used.
		<ul> <li>Not disposing as unsorted municipal waste</li> </ul>
	Responsibility of EU	- Participate in their separate collection.
	States who may require	<ul> <li>Collection and recycling schemes available to</li> </ul>
	economic operators to	them
	provide the information.	<ul> <li>Their role in the recycling process.</li> </ul>



		<ul> <li>Meaning of symbols:</li> <li>a) crossed out wheeled bin</li> <li>b) chemical symbols Hg, Cd, or Pb.</li> </ul>
Instructions for use	When included in Appliances	Must include - How batteries can be safely removed - Type of batteries and accumulators included Exception: Where for safety, performance, medical or data integrity reasons continuity of power supply is necessary and requires a permanent connection between the appliance and the battery/accumulator.
Labeling	Wheeled bin symbol on battery and accumulators is mandatory.	All symbols shall be printed visibly, legibly and indelibly.
Note: (Exemptions from the labeling requirements must follow procedure published in Decision 1999/468/EC by the EU Commission.)	yid?	Wheeled Bin Symbol shall cover at least 3% of the area of the largest side of the battery, accumulator or battery pack, up to maximum size of 5 x 5 cm. In the case of cylindrical cells, the symbol shall cover at least 1,5% of the surface area of the battery or accumulator and shall
	Cox'	have a maximum size of 5 x 5 cm. If the size of the battery, accumulator or battery pack is such that the symbol would be small than $0,5 \times 0,5$ cm, a symbol



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		measuring at least 1 x 1 cm shall be printed on the packaging.
	Chemical symbol, if	Covering, at least, an area of one quarter of the wheeled bin
	applicable, is mandatory	symbol is the chemical symbol:
	on batteries and	Hg if content exceeds 0,0005% mercury
	accumulators	Cd if content exceeds 0,002% cadmium
		Pb if content exceeds 0,0004% lead
Recycling facilities	Certified environmental	ISO 14001 and EU parliament regulations 761/2001
	schemes voluntary	Participating in audit schemes.
	Treatment/recycling	Must meet minimum requirements in Annex III, Part A of
		directive
	Location	In or outside EU allowed.
	Location	- must meet waste shipment regulations.
		Provide sound evidence that recycling operation
		took place under conditions equivalent to
		requirements of this directive.
Important Directive	26 September 2007	Common methodology for calculation of annual portable sales
dates		to end-user to be established.
	28 September 2008	Directive goes into Effect
	26 September 2009	National Collection schemes must be operating
	26 September 2010	Recycling process must meet efficiencies in Annex III Part B,
		treatment Part A.
	26 September 2012	Each Member State must prove that they have collection rates
	20 Contomb or 2010	of minimum 25% and provide calculation data.
	26 September 2016	Each Member State must prove that they have collection rates
		of minimum 45% and provide calculation data.

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Penalties	Effective, proportionate and dissuasive	Each EU country to decide penalty type and amount nationally
Prohibitions	a) All batteries or accumulators, whether or not incorporated into appliances, that contain more than 0,0005% of mercury by weight.	Shall not apply to button cells with mercury content of no more than 2%by weight.
	b) Portable batteries or accumulators, including those incorporated into appliances that contain more than 0,002% of cadmium by weight.	<ul> <li>Shall not apply to portable batteries and accumulators intended for use in:</li> <li>a) emergency and alarm systems, including emergency lighting</li> <li>b) medical equipment</li> <li>c) cordless power tools (under review)</li> </ul>

Download a copy of the Battery Directive here - www.ce-mark.com/2006\_66\_ec\_Batteries.pdf



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